

# **Installation and Troubleshooting Guide**

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CDI P/N: 173-4954

This stator replaces P/N: 584954.

**WARNING!** This product is designed to be installed by a professional marine mechanic. CDI Electronics cannot be held liable for injury or damage resulting from improper installation, abuse, neglect or misuse of this product.

**SERVICE NOTE**: Discoloration of ALL the battery windings is an indication of a problem in the rectifier/regulator. Discoloration of only one post of the battery windings indicates a problem in the stator.

#### Installation

- 1. Remove the negative battery cable.
- 2. Remove the flywheel nut.
- 3. Using the correct flywheel puller, remove the flywheel.
- 4. Disconnect the stator lead from the power pack and regulator/rectifier.
- 5. Remove the original stator, saving the original bolts.
- 6. Install the new stator using the original bolts with a good thread-locker applied (CDI 989-3977 is recommended) to the bolts and tightened to the factory torque specifications.
- 7. Connect the new stator to the power pack.
- 8. Connect the new stator to the regulator/rectifier (ignore any stripes on the rectifier as the new stator does not require the Yellow wires to be connected to a particular rectifier wire).
- 9. Replace the flywheel according to the service manual.
- 10. Replace the battery cable.

# **Troubleshooting**

#### NO FIRE ON EITHER CYLINDER:

- 1. Disconnect the 3 wire connector (containing the Black/Yellow wire) from the power pack, if the engine now fires the kill circuit or harness is likely bad.
- Check stator resistance and DVA Voltage:

Read from	Read to	Ohms	DVA
Pin A (Brown)	Pin B (Brown/Yellow)	650-900	150-400V connected/150-400V disconnected
Pin C (Orange)	Pin D (Orange/Black)	45-62	11-22V connected/45-120V disconnected
Orange wire to coil	Engine ground	200-400	100V Cranking/240V idling

- Disconnect the Orange wire to the ignition coil and connect it to a pack load resistor. If DVA reading are now correct. The coil is likely defective.
- 4. Inspect the flywheel outer magnets to see if they are loose or broken.
- 5. Disconnect the rectifier/regulator and retest. If the fire returns, replace the rectifier/regulator.

### **MISFIRING AT IDLE:**

- 1. Disconnect the spark plug wires and connect them to a spark gap tester set to 3/8" air gap.
- 2. If only one wire has spark, replace the coil.
- 3. If both spark plug wires have spark, replace the spark plugs with the recommended spark plug and re-test. If the engine still has a miss, see "NO FIRE ON EITHER CYLINDER" above.

# **HIGH SPEED MISS:**

- Connect DVA meter to between the brown wires and do a running test. AT NO TIME SHOULD THE VOLTAGE EXCEED 400V. If it
  does, the regulator circuit in the power pack is bad. The voltage should show a smooth climb and stabilize, gradually falling off at
  high RPM (above 5000). If you see a sudden drop in voltage right before the miss becomes apparent, the problem is likely in the
  stator.
- 2. Disconnect rectifier/regulator and retest. If the problem disappears, replace the rectifier/regulator and retest.

## **ENGINE WILL NOT REV ABOVE 2000 RPM:**

- 1. Verify the engine is not over-heating (less than 240 degrees).
- 2. Check the oil pressure (20 PSI minimum @2000 RPM and 35-40 PSI @4200-5200 RPM). Engine must have 20 PSI minimum within 10 seconds after starting and run at 2000 RPM.
- 3. Disconnect the Tan wire from the pack and re-test. If the engine now runs normally, the temperature switch or oil pressure switch may be defective.

Thank you for using CDI Electronics.

6/14/2011